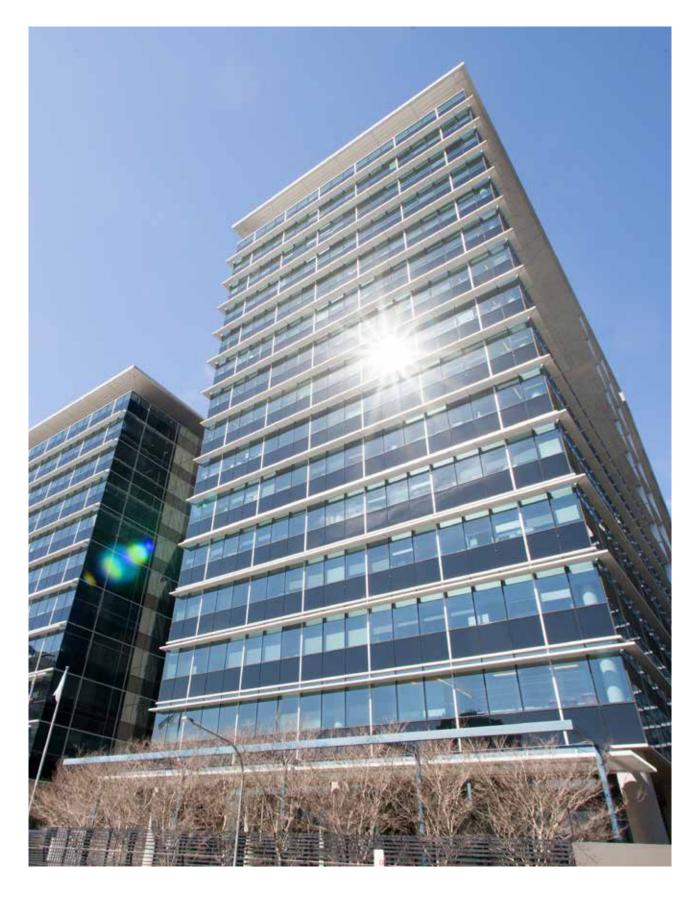
CONDENSED UNAUDITED RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017





HIGHLIGHTS

101.2 cents dividend per share 6.5% growth

R2.9bn distributable income growth 10.6%

3.9% increase in Group NAV from HY17 to 2 593 cents per share

4.6% Group vacancies

well contained albeit they have increased by 0.9% from FY17

R127.7bn Group property assets 4.4% increase from FY17 34.5% Group LTV gearing levels remain conservative, down by 0.5% from FY17

Largest South African primary listed REIT 21st largest company in the FTSE/JSE top 40 index

R80.4bn
Market capitalisation

R4.5bn

average value of shares traded per month

Baa3
global scale and
AAA.Za
national scale rating
from Moody's

Included in major sustainability indices:
FTSE/JSE
Responsible
Investment Index,
Dow Jones
Sustainability
Index (DJSI)
FTSE4Good
Emerging Index





Investment proposition:

- Sustainable quality of earnings
- 14-year track record of uninterrupted dividend growth – 3.1% above inflation on average
- Underpinned by high-quality physical property assets
- Diversified across international geographies and sectors
- Dynamic and proven management track record
- Best practice corporate governance
- Transparent reporting
- Level 3 BEE contributor

COMMENTARY

Growthpoint is an international property company that provides space to thrive with innovative and sustainable property solutions.

INTRODUCTION

Growthpoint is the largest South African primary listed REIT with a quality portfolio of 463 directly owned properties in South Africa (RSA) valued at R80.1 billion.

Growthpoint has a 65.1% interest in Growthpoint Properties Australia (GOZ), which owns 56 properties in Australia valued at R31.2 billion.

Growthpoint has five equity-accounted investments, valued at R12.1 billion. Our 50% share of the V&A Waterfront (V&A) is the largest of these investments (R7.2 billion), followed by a 29.0% stake in London Stock Exchange (AIM)-listed Globalworth Real Estate Investments (GWI) (R4.9 billion).

Growthpoint also has a listed investment which is an 18.2% investment in ASX-listed Industria REIT, owned by GOZ, valued at R722.0 million.

In line with Growthpoint's vision "to be a leading international property company providing space to thrive", the company's strategy incorporates the optimisation and streamlining of our existing portfolio, the introduction of new revenue streams via the Funds Management business and trading and development and lastly, further international diversification. The company has set a target to double the offshore contribution to distributable income over the next three to five years.

The company's objective is to grow and nurture a diversified portfolio of quality investment properties, providing accommodation to a wide spectrum of clients and delivering sustainable income distributions and capital appreciation, optimised by effective financial structures. Effectively, net property income received by the property portfolios of South Africa (RSA) and GOZ, including interest received, the distributable income received from the equity-accounted and listed investments, less administration and operating overheads, interest on debt and normal

taxation, is distributed to Growthpoint shareholders bi-annually. Growthpoint's distributions are based on sustainable income generated from rentals, trading profits and development fees and going forward, distributions and management fees from its Funds Management business.

Growthpoint is included in the FTSE/JSE Top40 Index (J200) with a market capitalisation of R80.4 billion at 31 December 2017 (HY18). Over this period, on average, more than 180.0 million shares traded per month (HY17: 147.2 million). The monthly average value traded was R4.5 billion (HY17: R3.8 billion). This makes Growthpoint the most liquid and tradable way to own commercial property in South Africa.

The value of Growthpoint's property portfolio is split between South African (inclusive of the V&A) (69.5%) and international (30.5%) assets. The RSA portfolio represents 84.9% by gross lettable area (GLA), excluding GWI. It is well diversified in the three major sectors of commercial property, being retail, office and industrial. Most of the value of the RSA portfolio is in strong economic nodes within major metropolitan areas.

For the period under review the net asset value (NAV) of the group increased by 3.9% to 2 593 (HY17: 2 495) cents per share

GROWTH IN DISTRIBUTIONS

Growthpoint delivered growth in distributions per share for HY18 of 6.5% and has declared an interim dividend of 101.2 cents per share for the six months ended 31 December 2017. This growth is in line with the guidance given to the market for FY18.

Distributions increased by R281 million or 10.6% to R2.9 billion.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in

accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard, IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, the SAICA Financial Reporting Guides as issued by the Accounting Practices Committee and Financial Pronouncements as issued by Financial Reporting Standards Council, and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa. The accounting policies applied in preparing these interim financial statements are in terms of International Financial Reporting Standards and are consistent with those applied in the previous annual financial statements. Mr G Völkel (CA(SA)), Growthpoint's Financial Director, was responsible for supervising the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

These condensed interim financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2017 have not been reviewed or audited by Growthpoint's independent external auditors.

GROWTHPOINT PROPERTIES AUSTRALIA (GOZ)

The investment in GOZ was accounted for in terms of IAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates. The statement of financial position includes 100% of the assets and liabilities of GOZ, converted at the closing exchange rate at HY18 of R9.66:AUD1 (FY17: R10.04:AUD1).

On 13 July 2017, GOZ acquired an 18.2% stake in the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX)-listed Industria REIT, classified as a Listed Investment, for AUD68.1 million (R681.0 million).

A deferred tax liability of R2.4 billion (FY17: R2.1 billion) is included in the statement of financial position. This relates to capital gains tax payable in Australia if Growthpoint were to sell its investment in GOZ.

The statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income also includes 100% of the revenue and expenses of GOZ, which were translated at an

COMMENTARY CONTINUED

average exchange rate of R10.45:AUD1 (HY17: R10.55:AUD1) for HY18.

The resulting foreign currency translation difference is recognised in other comprehensive income. A non-controlling interest was raised for the 34.9% (FY17: 34.9%) not owned by Growthpoint.

Included in the HY18 distributable income is R417.5 million income from GOZ, compared to R426.2 million for HY17. Included in normal tax in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is R74.9 million (HY17: R67.0 million) that relates to withholding tax paid on the distributions received from GOZ. The increased withholding tax and stronger Rand had a negative impact on the distribution received from GOZ.

V&A WATERFRONT AND OTHER EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTMENTS

The investments in the V&A, GWI and the other joint ventures were accounted for in terms of IFRS 11 *Joint*Arrangements. The equity-accounting method was used, where the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of these investments were accounted for.

Included in the HY18 finance income is R287.0 million from the V&A, compared to R256.0 million for HY17, and R128.0 million from GWI (included in distributable income), compared to R78.0 million for FY17.

NET PROPERTY INCOME

Gross revenue increased by 6.0% for HY18 compared to HY17. RSA increased revenues by 6.4% compared to HY17, and the GOZ operations increased revenues by 4.7%.

The ratio of property expenses to revenue for the Group increased slightly to 21.7% at HY18 from 21.3% at HY17. For RSA the ratio increased to 24.0% from 23.7% at HY17, and increased for GOZ to 14.3% from 13.7% at HY17.

FAIR VALUE ADJUSTMENTS

The revaluation of properties in RSA and GOZ resulted in an increase of R2.5 billion (2.3%) to R111.3 billion for investment property (including investment properties classified as held for sale). This was driven mainly by growth in future contractual rental. Interest-bearing borrowings and derivatives were fair valued using the South African or EUR swap curve at HY18, decreasing the overall liability by R174.0 million.

These fair value adjustments and other non-distributable items, such as capital items, non-cash charges, deferred taxation and the net effect of the non-controlling interests portion of the non-distributable items, were transferred to the non-distributable reserve.

FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs increased by 4.3% to R1 308 million (HY17: R1 254 million). This was partly offset by the proceeds from the Distribution Re-Investment Plans (DRIPs) offered by Growthpoint. The weighted average interest rate for RSA borrowings was 9.1% (HY17: 9.2%) (7.5% including Euro loans and crosscurrency interest rate swaps (CCIRS) (HY17: 7.6%)). The weighted average maturity of debt decreased to 2.8 years (FY17: 3.0 years). Finance costs for GOZ increased by 0.7% from R291.0 million in HY17 to R293.0 million in HY18. The interest cover ratio, where income from the equity-accounted investments and listed investments is included in the operating profit, remained at 3.5 times at HY18 (HY17: 3.5 times).

FINANCE INCOME

Finance income increased by 15.8% to R360.0 million (HY17: R311.0 million).

ACQUISITIONS AND COMMITMENTS

Growthpoint acquired one retail property, the remainder of N1 City, for R922.1 million and one industrial property, for R132.0 million during the period for its RSA portfolio. The development and capital outlay for RSA of R1.1 billion (HY17: R1.1 billion) was for various projects undertaken in the period, of which the Discovery Head Office accounted for R275.7 million.

Growthpoint has commitments outstanding for RSA developments totalling R2.2 billion (HY17: R2.4 billion) of which 144 Oxford, Rosebank is the largest at R600.2 million. These commitments also include Exxaro Head Office in Centurion at R408.5 million.

GOZ acquired one industrial property for R517.8 million (AUD48.6 million) and it incurred development costs of R64.7 million (AUD6.4 million), which includes an office property development at Buildings 1 & 3, 572-576 Swan Street, Richmond, VIC for R18.4 million (AUD1.7 million).

GOZ has commitments outstanding totalling R146.5 million (AUD14.8 million) (HY17: R218.0 million (AUD22.0 million)) of which 1 Charles Street, Parramatta, NSW is the largest at R59.4 million (AUD6.0 million). These commitments also include Building 2, 572-576 Swan Street, Richmond, VIC at R37.6 million (AUD3.8 million).

Our 50% development and capital expenditure at the V&A amounted to R187.0 million (HY17: R312 million) for the period. Growthpoint's share of the V&A's commitments outstanding at HY18 amounted to R99.7 million (HY17: R364.0 million). The largest include the Dock Road Junction at R35.1 million, Battery Parkade at R23.8 million and Waterway House at R18.6 million.

ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT GLOBALWORTH (GWI)

Growthpoint followed its rights in the GWI €340.0 million capital raise in December 2017 and made an additional investment of R1.9 billion (€113.8 million) in GWI. This increased Growthpoint's interest to 29.0%.

GWI completed its strategic investment in Griffin Premium RE. N.V. ("GPRE") resulting in a shareholding of 71.7% in December 2017. GPRE has now been fully consolidated into Globalworth's accounts for their FY17.

On 22 December 2017, GPRE completed the acquisition of three high quality properties in Wroclaw, Gdansk and Katowice in Poland from Echo Polska Properties (EPP) for a total consideration of approximately €160.0 million. This takes GWI's total properties to 39,19 in Romania and 20 in Poland.

DISPOSALS AND HELD FOR SALE ASSETS

Growthpoint disposed of ten properties in the period (HY17: seven) for R478.6 million (HY17: R259.0 million), achieving a collective R230.8 million (HY17: R85.0 million) profit on cost.

At HY18, five RSA properties (HY17: four) valued at R159.9 million (HY17: R968.0 million) were held for sale.

GOZ disposed of two properties in the period (HY17: five) with a book value of R1.7 billion (AUD169.4 million) (HY17: R1.6 billion (AUD151.6 million)).

ARREARS

Total RSA arrears at HY18 were R76.6 million (HY17: R82.8 million) with a provision for bad debts of R28.9 million (HY17: R34.2 million). Total RSA bad debt expenses were R7.1 million (HY17: R6.4 million).

VACANCY LEVELS

At HY18 Growthpoint's vacancy levels as a percentage of its total portfolio GLA were:

	Total	GLA	Vacai	ncy
	m²	m²	%	%
	HY18	HY17	HY18	HY17
Retail	1 423 816	1 422 121	3.0 ♠	2.6
Office	1 757 898	1 759 080	8.4 🛧	6.9
Industrial	2 244 535	2 273 094	4.1 ↓	6.0
RSA total	5 426 249	5 454 295	5.2 ↓	5.4
GOZ	1 003 529	1 065 623	2.4 🛧	0.5
V&A (50%)	229 315	217 920	1.2 🛧	1.1
Total/Average %	6 659 093	6 737 838	4.6 ↑	4.5

Vacancies decreased in the industrial sector but increased across the retail and office sectors. Tenant retention remains a priority and we are driving it through various initiatives including the UNdeposit and Smartmove campaigns, as well as the launch of Growthpoint's resource efficient, sustainable Thrive Portfolio.

EQUITY RAISED

During the period Growthpoint issued 45.7 million shares and raised R1.1 billion through its DRIP programme. The DRIP equity raised was used to finance Growthpoint's investment activities.

BORROWINGS AND NET WORKING CAPITAL

At HY18, the consolidated loan-to-value ratio (LTV), measured by dividing the nominal value of interest-bearing borrowings (net of cash) by the fair value of property assets including investment property held for sale and the equity-accounted investments and the listed investments, was 34.5% (HY17: 36.7%). Growthpoint has consistently applied its policy for measuring the fair value of long-term interest-bearing loans and derivatives. There were no changes in valuation techniques, nor were there any transfers between level 1, level 2 and level 3 during the period.

Growthpoint had unused committed bank facilities of R3.0 billion in RSA and R2.2 billion (AUD230.9 million) in Australia at HY18, which assures that it can meet its short-term commitments.

CHANGE IN DIRECTORATE

Mr HS Herman retired as a nonexecutive director on 14 November 2017.

Ms N Siyotula was appointed as a non-executive director on 1 January 2018.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

In line with IAS 10 Events after the Reporting Period, the declaration of the dividend occurred after the end of the reporting period, resulting in a non-adjusting event that is not recognised in the financial statements.

PROSPECTS

The quality and diversity of the underlying South African property portfolio and our strong corporate customer base, together with our investment in the prestigious V&A, will continue to ensure sustainable, quality earnings domestically, against the backdrop of a domestic economy where property fundamentals remain weak. Growthpoint's increased internationalisation has added further geographic exposure to our business. The contribution to distributable income from GOZ is expected to increase in line with guidance provided by GOZ but the strong ZAR and increased dividend withholding tax are expected to have a negative impact. GWI, through the GPRE acquisition, now has a Polish footprint which further adds to the diversification and defensiveness of the investment opportunity. Large multi-national tenants continue to be attracted to both Poland and Romania due to the young, educated, affordable and ambitious labour force, and as such GWI is expected to perform well. Given the

COMMENTARY CONTINUED

above, the Growthpoint Board is of the view that the dividend growth for FY18 will be similar to that achieved for FY17.

INTERIM DIVIDEND WITH THE ELECTION TO REINVEST THE CASH DIVIDEND IN RETURN FOR GROWTHPOINT SHARES

Notice is hereby given of the declaration of the final dividend number 64 of 101.20000 cents per share for the period ended 31 December 2017. Shareholders will be entitled to elect to reinvest the net Cash Dividend, in return for Growthpoint shares (Share Alternative), failing which they will receive the net cash dividend in respect of all or part of their shareholdings. The entitlement of shareholders to elect to participate in the share re-investment alternative is subject to the Board, either itself or through a Board sub-committee appointed to set the pricing and terms of the share re-investment alternative, having the discretion to withdraw the entitlement to elect the share re-investment alternative should market conditions warrant such action. A withdrawal of the entitlement to elect the share re-investment alternative would be communicated to shareholders before the publication of the finalisation announcement on Friday, 9 March 2018.

Other information:

- issued shares at 31 December 2017:
 2 934 202 472 ordinary shares of no par value.
- Income Tax Reference Number of Growthpoint: 9375/077/71/7.

Shareholders are advised that the dividend meets the requirements of a "qualifying distribution" for the purposes of section 25BB of the Income Tax Act,

No. 58 of 1962 (Income Tax Act). The dividends on the shares will be deemed to be taxable dividends for South African tax purposes in terms of section 25BB of the Income Tax Act.

Tax implications for South African resident shareholders

Dividends received by or accrued to South African tax residents must be included in the gross income of such shareholders and will not be exempt from the income tax in terms of the exclusion to the general dividend exemption contained in section 10(1)(k) (i)(aa) of the Income Tax Act, because they are dividends distributed by a REIT. These dividends are however exempt from dividend withholding tax (Dividend Tax) in the hands of South African resident shareholders provided that the South African resident shareholders have provided to the Central Securities Depository Participant (CSDP) or broker, as the case may be, in respect of uncertificated shares, or the company, in respect of certificated shares, a DTD(EX) (Dividend Tax: Declaration and undertaking to be made by the beneficial owner of a share) form to prove their status as South African residents.

If resident shareholders have not submitted the abovementioned documentation to confirm their status as South African residents, they are advised to contact their CSDP or broker, as the case may be, to arrange for the documents to be submitted prior to the payment of the dividend.

Tax implications for non-resident shareholders

Dividends received by non-resident shareholders from a REIT will not be

taxable as income and instead will be treated as ordinary dividends which are exempt from income tax in terms of the general dividend exemption section 10(1)(k) of the Income Tax Act. Any dividend received by a non-resident from a REIT is subject to Dividend Tax at 20%, unless the rate is reduced in terms of any applicable agreement for the avoidance of double taxation (DTA) between South Africa and the country of residence of the non-resident shareholder. Assuming Dividend Tax will be withheld at a rate of 20%, the net amount due to nonresident shareholders is 80.96000 cents per share. A reduced dividend withholding tax rate in terms of the applicable DTA may only be relied on if the non-resident shareholder has provided the following forms to their CSDP or broker, as the case may be, in respect of uncertificated shares, or the company, in respect of certificated

- a declaration that the dividend is subject to a reduced rate as a result of the application of the DTA; and
- a written undertaking to inform the CSDP broker or the company, as the case may be, should the circumstances affecting the reduced rate change or the beneficial owner cease to be the beneficial owner, both in the form prescribed by the Commissioner of the South African Revenue Services.

If applicable, non-resident shareholders are advised to contact the CSDP, broker or the company, as the case may be, to arrange for the abovementioned documents to be submitted prior to payment of the dividend if such documents have not already been submitted.

Summary of the salient dates relating to the Cash Dividend and Share Alternative are as follows:

Salient dates and times	2018
Circular and form of election posted to shareholders and announced on SENS	Friday, 2 March
Last date for Growthpoint to withdraw the entitlement for shareholders to elect to participate in the share re-investment alternative before the publication of the announcement of the share alternative issue price and finalisation information on SENS	
Announcement of share re-investment alternative issue price and finalisation information published on SENS	Friday, 9 March Monday, 12 March
Last day to trade (LDT) cum dividend	Monday, 19 March
Shares to trade ex-dividend	Tuesday, 20 March
Listing of maximum possible number of share alternative shares commences on the JSE	Friday, 23 March
Last day to elect to receive the share alternative (no late forms of election will be accepted) at 12:00 (South African time)	Friday, 23 March
Record date	Friday, 23 March
Announcement of results of cash dividend and share re-investment alternative published on SENS	Monday, 26 March
Cheques posted to certificated shareholders and accounts credited by CSDP or broker to dematerialised shareholders electing the cash alternative on	Monday, 26 March
Share certificates posted to certificated shareholders and accounts credited by CSDP or broker to dematerialised shareholders electing the share re-investment alternative on	Wednesday, 28 March
Adjustment to the maximum number of shares listed on or about	Thursday, 29 March

- 1. Shareholders electing the share reinvestment alternative are alerted to the fact that the new shares will be listed on LDT + 3 and that these new shares can only be traded on LDT + 3, due to the fact that settlement of the shares will be three days after record date, which differs from the conventional one day after record date settlement process.
- 2. Shares may not be dematerialised or rematerialised between commencement of trade on Tuesday, 20 March 2018 and the close of trade on Friday, 23 March 2018.

By order of the Board

GROWTHPOINT PROPERTIES LIMITED

27 February 2018

DIRECTORS

JF Marais (Chairman), LN Sasse* (Group Chief Executive Officer), EK de Klerk* (Chief Executive Officer South Africa), G Völkel* (Financial Director), MG Diliza, PH Fechter, LA Finlay, JC Hayward, SP Mngconkola, R Moonsamy, NBP Nkabinde, N Siyotula, FJ Visser

* Executive

GROWTHPOINT PROPERTIES LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 1987/004988/06) A Real Estate Investment Trust, listed on the JSE Share code: GRT ISIN: ZAE000179420

COMPANY SECRETARY

RA Krabbenhöft

REGISTERED OFFICE

The Place, 1 Sandton Drive, Sandton, 2196 PO Box 78949, Sandton, 2146









TRANSFER SECRETARY

Computershare Investor Services (Pty) Ltd (Registration number 2004/003647/07) Ground Floor, 70 Marshall Street, Johannesburg, 2001 PO Box 61051, Marshalltown, 2107

SPONSOR

Investec Bank Limited (Registration number 1969/004763/06) 100 Grayston Drive, Sandown, Sandton, 2196 PO Box 785700, Sandton, 2146

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Notes	Unaudited six months 31 December 2017 Rm	Unaudited six months 31 December 2016 Rm	Audited 12 months 30 June 2017 Rm
Revenue, excluding straight-line lease income adjustment		5 487	5 178	10 716
Straight-line lease income adjustment		7	40	39
Total revenue		5 494	5 218	10 755
Property-related expenses		(1 192)	(1 103)	(2 245)
Net property income		4 302	4 115	8 510
Other administrative and operating overheads		(213)	(196)	(416)
Operating profit		4 089	3 919	8 094
Equity-accounted investment profit – net of tax		555	68	369
Fair value adjustments, capital items and other charges		2 926	1 595	1 850
Finance and other investment income	1	360	311	692
Finance expense		(1 308)	(1 254)	(2 510)
Profit before taxation		6 622	4 639	8 495
Taxation		(179)	137	(48)
Profit for the year		6 443	4 776	8 447
Other comprehensive income				
Items that may subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss				
Translation of foreign operations		(917)	(1 891)	(1 571)
Total comprehensive income for the year		5 526	2 885	6 876
Profit attributable to:		6 443	4 776	8 447
Owners of the company		5 748	4 416	7 524
Non-controlling interests		695	360	923
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		5 526	2 885	6 876
Owners of the company		5 092	3 154	6 507
Non-controlling interests		434	(269)	369
		Cents	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share		200.07	158.86	267.72
Diluted earnings per share		198.80	158.02	266.21
Headline earnings per share	2	101.04	100.12	179.66
Diluted headline earnings per share	2	100.40	99.58	178.64

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2017

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	31 December 2017	31 December 2016	30 June 2017
	Rm	Rm	Rm
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	631	1 027	613
Trade and other receivables	3 697	2 970	3 214
Investment property classified as held for sale	160	1 070	1 241
Derivative assets	697	347	356
Listed investments	722	382	226
Fair value of property assets	111 145	107 593	108 201
Fair value of investment property for accounting purposes	108 557	105 085	105 641
Straight-line lease income adjustment	2 588	2 508	2 560
Long-term loans granted	353	761	709
Equity-accounted investments	12 142	9 627	9 920
Equipment	14	5	15
Intangible assets	2 314	2 412	2 362
Total assets	131 875	126 194	126 857
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	2 739	2 442	2 572
Derivative liabilities	566	537	587
Taxation payable	71	60	44
Interest-bearing borrowings	43 810	44 843	42 568
Deferred tax liability	2 441	2 178	2 332
Total liabilities	49 627	50 060	48 103
Shareholders' interest	75 371	69 922	72 045
Share capital	45 993	43 390	44 876
Retained income	2 943	2 688	2 886
Other reserves	26 435	23 844	24 283
Non-controlling interest	6 877	6 212	6 709
Total liabilities and equity	131 875	126 194	126 857

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Attrib	utable to ow					
		Non-distributable reserves (NDR)					
	Share capital net of treasury shares Rm	Foreign currency translation reserve (FCTR) Rm	Non- distributable reserve (NDR) Rm	Retained earnings (RE) Rm	Share- holders' interest Rm	Non- controlling interest (NCI) Rm	Total equity Rm
Balance at 30 June 2016	42 329	2 602	20 736	2 628	68 295	5 871	74 166
Total comprehensive income: – Profit after taxation				4 416	4 416	360	4 776
Other comprehensive income	_	(1 262)	_	-	(1 262)	(629)	(1 891)
Transactions with owners		(- /			, ,	(/	(/
recognised directly in equity:							
Contributions by and distributions to owners:							
Shares issued	1 057	_	_	_	1 057	_	1 057
Transfer non-distributable items							. 03.
to NDR	_	-	1 754	(1 754)	_	_	-
Share-based payment transactions	4	_	23	(2,602)	(2.602)	(2.40)	(2.051)
Dividends declared Changes in ownership interest:	_	_	_	(2 602)	(2 602)	(249)	(2 851)
Rights issue and acquisitions							
– GOZ	_	(9)	_	_	(9)	859	850
Balance at 31 December 2016	43 390	1 331	22 513	2 688	69 922	6 212	76 134
Total comprehensive income: Profit after taxation	_	_	_	3 108	3 108	563	3 671
 Other comprehensive income 	_	245	_	-	245	75	320
Transactions with owners							
recognised directly in equity: Contributions by and distributions to owners:							
Shares issued	1 476	_	_	_	1 476	_	1 476
Transfer non-distributable items to NDR	_	_	248	(248)	_	_	_
Share-based payment transactions	10	_	(50)	(2.0)	(40)	_	(40)
Dividends declared	_	_	. –	(2 662)	(2 662)	(253)	(2 915)
Changes in ownership interest: Rights issue and acquisitions – GOZ	_	(4)	_	_	(4)	112	108
Balance at 30 June 2017	44 876	1 572	22 711	2 886	72 045	6 709	78 754
Total comprehensive income:							
- Profit after taxation	_	((55)	_	5 748	5 748	695	6 443
 Other comprehensive income Transactions with owners 	_	(656)	_	_	(656)	(261)	(917)
recognised directly in equity:							
Contributions by and							
distributions to owners: Shares issued	1 107				1 107		1 107
Transfer non-distributable items	1 107	_	_	_	1 107	_	1 107
to NDR	_	_	2 805	(2 805)	_	_	_
Share-based payment transactions	10	_	3	- (2.225)	13	(255)	13
Dividends declared	45.002	- 016	25 510	(2 886)	(2 886)	(266)	(3 152)
Balance at 31 December 2017	45 993	916	25 519	2 943	75 371	6 877	82 248
						2017 Cents	2016 Cents
Dividend per share						101.2	95.0

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	31 December	31 December	30 June
	2017	2016	2017
	Rm	Rm	Rm
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	3 796	3 747	7 580
Finance expense paid	(1 008)	(1 187)	(2 438)
Finance and other investment income received	29	55	105
Taxation paid	(43)	(65)	(84)
Distribution to shareholders	(3 153)	(2 761)	(5 766)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(379)	(211)	(603)
Net cash outflow from investing activities	(1 917)	(8 783)	(8 637)
Net cash inflow from financing activities	2 331	9 165	8 993
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	35	171	(247)
Translation effects on cash and cash equivalents of foreign operation	(17)	(45)	(41)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	613	901	901
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	631	1 027	613

SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

For the six months ended 31 December 2017

SEGMENT ANALYSIS

The Group determines and presents operating segments based on the information that is provided internally to the Executive Management Committee (EXCO), the Group's operating decision-making forum. The Group comprises six segments, namely Retail, Office, Industrial, Growthpoint Australia, V&A Waterfront and Globalworth. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by EXCO to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment	Brief description of segment
Retail	The Growthpoint retail portfolio consists of 54 properties, comprising shopping centres with the balance being vacant land. It includes regional, community, neighbourhood, speciality and small regional shopping centres as well as retail warehouses.
Office	The Growthpoint office portfolio consists of 182 properties which includes high rise and low rise offices, office parks, office warehouses, hospitals as well as mixed use properties comprising both office and retail.
Industrial	The Growthpoint industrial portfolio consists of 227 properties which includes warehousing, industrial parks, retail warehousing, motor-related outlets, low and high grade industrial, high-tech industrial as well as mini, midi and maxi units, as well as mixed use properties comprising both industrial and retail.
Growthpoint Australia	The GOZ portfolio consists of 56 properties which includes both industrial and office properties, all situated in Australia.
V&A Waterfront	The V&A Waterfront is a 122 hectare mixed-use property development situated in and around the historic Victoria and Alfred Basins, which formed Cape Town's original harbour, with Table Mountain as its backdrop. Its properties include retail, office, fishing and industrial, hotel and residential as well as undeveloped bulk.
Globalworth	The Globalworth portfolio consists of 39 properties which includes mostly modern A-grade office properties, industrial properties as well as a residential property complex concentrated in Bucharest and in Timisoara, Romania (19) and major cities in Poland (20).

Geographic segments

In addition to the main reportable segments, the Group also includes a geographical analysis of net property income, excluding straight-line lease income adjustment and investment property.

The following geographic segments have been identified:

- ➤ South Africa
- ➤ Australia
- ➤ V&A Waterfront
- ➤ Central Eastern Europe

Profit or loss and assets and liabilities disclosure

Unaudited 31 December 2017

_	Offidualitied 31 December 2017								
	Retail Rm	Office Rm	Industrial Rm	Total South Africa Rm	Australia Rm	Total as reported Rm	V&A Waterfront Rm	Central Eastern Europe Rm	Total Rm
Revenue, excluding straight-line lease									
adjustment Property-related expenses	1 612 (420)	1 871 (426)	705 (160)	4 188 (1 006)	1 299 (186)	5 487 (1 192)	420 (121)	356 (123)	6 263 (1 436)
Net property income	1 192	1 445	545	3 182	1 113	4 295	299	233	4 827
Other administrative and operating overheads Equity-accounted investment profit				(150)	(63)	(213)	(12)	(66)	(291)
– net of tax				555	-	555	_	10	565
Fair value adjustment on investment property Fair value adjustments (other than	763	544	202	1 509	1 253	2 762	-	32	2 794
investment property)				176	65	241	_	131	372
Capital items and other charges				(70)	-	(70)	86	(52)	(36)
Finance and other investment income				359	1	360	11	7	378
Finance expense				(1 015)	(293)	(1 308)	(10)	(176)	(1 494)
Consolidated profit before taxation				4 546	2 076	6 622	374	119	7 115
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents				326	305	631	395	1 191	2 217
Trade and other receivables				3 011	686	3 697	101	112	3 910
Investment property classified as held									
for sale	_	126	34	160	-	160	_	-	160
Derivative assets				695	2	697	_	-	697
Listed investments				_	722	722	_	123	845
Fair value of property assets	922		132	1 054	518	1 572		3 532	5 104
Acquisitions made during the year Balance at year end	31 245	35 698	12 954	79 897	31 248	111 145	8 660	7 739	127 544
Long-term loans granted	31243	33 030	12 334	353	31240	353	8 000	1 133	353
Equity-accounted investments				12 142	_	12 142	_	95	12 237
Equipment				3	11	14	_	_	14
Intangible assets				2 314	_	2 314	_	53	2 367
Total assets				98 901	32 974	131 875	9 156	9 313	150 344
Liabilities									
Trade and other payables				1 962	777	2 739	153	231	3 123
Derivative liabilities				455	111	566	-	_	566
Taxation payable				-	71	71	-	4	75
Interest-bearing borrowings				31 836	11 974	43 810	192	3 751	47 753
Deferred tax liability				2 438	3	2 441	-	429	2 870
Total liabilities				36 691	12 936	49 627	345	4 415	54 387

SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS CONTINUED

For the six months ended 31 December 2017

Profit or loss and assets and liabilities disclosure

Unaudited 31 December 2016

				Unaud	ited 3 i Dece	mber 20 16			
	Retail Rm	Office Rm	Industrial Rm	Total South Africa Rm	Australia Rm	Total as reported Rm	V&A Waterfront Rm	Central Eastern Europe Rm	Total Rm
Revenue, excluding straight-line									
lease adjustment	1 544	1 739	654	3 937	1 241	5 178	349	_	5 527
Property-related expenses	(395)	(395)	(143)	(933)	(170)	(1 103)	(95)	_	(1 198)
Net property income	1 149	1 344	511	3 004	1 071	4 075	254		4 329
Other administrative and operating overheads Equity-accounted investment	1 1 13	1311	311	(135)	(61)	(196)	(9)	_	(205)
profit – net of tax Fair value adjustment on				68	_	68	-	-	68
investment property Fair value adjustments (other than	540	436	281	1 257	329	1 586	-	-	1 586
investment property)				98	34	132	_	_	132
Capital items and other charges				(70)	(13)	(83)	_	_	(83)
Finance and other investment income				308	3	311	22	_	333
Finance expense				(963)	(291)	(1 254)	(10)	_	(1 264)
Consolidated profit before taxation				3 567	1 072	4 639	257	_	4 896
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents				653	374	1 027	36	_	1 063
Trade and other receivables				2 387	583	2 970	222	_	3 192
Investment property classified as									
held for sale	_	966	2	968	102	1 070	_	_	1 070
Derivative assets				347	-	347	_	_	347
Listed investments				382	-	382	_	_	382
Fair value of property assets									
Acquisitions made during the year	_	1 168	12	1 180	3 860	5 040	312	3 813	9 165
Balance at year end	30 035	33 782	12 247	76 064	31 529	107 593	7 965	3 813	119 371
Long-term loans granted				761	-	761	-	_	761
Equity-accounted investments				9 627	-	9 627	-	-	9 627
Equipment				5	-	5	-	_	5
Intangible assets				2 412	_	2 412	_		2 412
Total assets				93 606	32 588	126 194	8 223	3 813	138 230
Liabilities									
Trade and other payables				1 692	750	2 442	108	-	2 550
Derivative liabilities				537	-	537	_	_	537
Taxation payable				(8)	68	60	_	_	60
Interest-bearing borrowings				31 011	13 832	44 843	195	_	45 038
Deferred tax liability				2 180	(2)	2 178	_	_	2 178
Total liabilities				35 412	14 648	50 060	303	_	50 363

Profit or loss and assets and liabilities disclosure

Audited 30 June 2017

	Addited 50 Julie 2017								
	Retail Rm	Office Rm	Industrial Rm	Total South Africa Rm	Australia Rm	Total as reported Rm	V&A Waterfront Rm	Central Eastern Europe Rm	Total Rm
Revenue, excluding straight-line lease									
adjustment	3 099	3 632	1 348	8 079	2 637	10 716	726	140	11 582
Property-related expenses	(792)	(819)	(290)	(1 901)	(344)	(2 245)	(204)	(52)	(2 501)
Net property income	2 307	2 813	1 058	6 178	2 293	8 471	522	88	9 081
Other administrative and operating									
overheads				(289)	(127)	(416)	(24)	(16)	(456)
Equity-accounted investment profit									
net of tax				369	-	369	_	-	369
Fair value adjustment on									
investment property	481	293	332	1 106	848	1 954	492	4	2 450
Fair value adjustments (other than				25	4	20			20
investment property)				35	(12)	(104)	(1)	- 8	39
Capital items and other charges Finance and other investment income				(91) 1 521	(13) (829)	(104) 692	(1) 28	4	(97) 724
Finance expense				(1 944)	(566)	(2 510)	_	(108)	(2 618)
				, ,				. ,	
Consolidated profit before taxation				6 885	1 610	8 495	1 017	(20)	9 492
Assets				200	215	612	01	1 120	1 022
Cash and cash equivalents				298	315	613	81	1 139	1 833
Trade and other receivables				2 649	565	3 214	73	46	3 333
Investment property classified as held for sale	173		29	202	1 039	1 241			1 241
Derivative assets	173		23	356	1 033	356			356
Listed investments				226	_	226	_	_	226
Fair value of property assets				LLO		220			LLO
Acquisitions made during the year	_	1 758	116	1 874	5 047	6 921	_	192	7 113
Balance at year end	29 415	34 732	12 557	76 704	31 497	108 201	8 705	4 200	121 106
Long-term loans granted				709	_	709	_	_	709
Equity-accounted investments				9 920	_	9 920	_	8	9 928
Equipment				3	12	15	_	_	15
Intangible assets				2 362	_	2 362	_	52	2 414
Total assets				93 429	33 428	126 857	8 859	5 445	141 161
Liabilities									
Trade and other payables				1 829	743	2 572	111	51	2 734
Derivative liabilities				523	64	587	_	_	587
Taxation payable				(4)	48	44	6	_	50
Interest-bearing borrowings				29 492	13 076	42 568	195	559	43 322
Deferred tax liability				2 332	_	2 332	_	74	2 406
Total liabilities				34 172	13 931	48 103	312	684	49 099

SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS CONTINUED

For the six months ended 31 December 2017

Distributable earnings reconciliation	Unaudited 31 December 2017 Rm	Unaudited 31 December 2016 Rm	Audited 30 June 2017 Rm
Revenue, excluding straight-line lease income adjustment	5 487	5 178	10 716
Property-related expenses	(1 192)	(1 103)	(2 245)
Other administrative and operating overheads	(213)	(196)	(416)
Net interest	(948)	(943)	(1 818)
Finance and other investment income	360	311	692
Finance expense	(1 308)	(1 254)	(2 510)
GWI dividend declared after half-year end, based on HY18 earnings*	128	_	_
Antecedent dividends	22	20	45
Non-controlling portion of distribution (excluding fair value adjustments) – GOZ	(266)	(249)	(502)
Distributable income from GOZ retained (including NCI's portion)	_	_	(165)
Realised foreign exchange (loss)/gain	(1)	22	31
Current normal taxation	(74)	(67)	(98)
Distributable earnings	2 943	2 662	5 548
	Unaudited 31 December 2017	Unaudited 31 December 2016	Audited 30 June 2017
Distributable earnings (Rm)	2 943	2 662	5 548
Net number of shares in issue	2 906 954 088	2 802 007 024	2 860 702 595
Distribution per share	101.2	95.0	195.8
- Interim taxable dividend (cents)	101.2	95.0	95.0
– Final taxable dividend (cents)	101.2	33.0	100.8
That taxable dividend (cents)			100.0
Number of shares			
Shares issued during the period: Issued ordinary shares at the beginning of the period Effect of shares issued	2 888 462 582 45 739 890	2 786 093 366 44 023 040	2 786 093 366 102 369 216
Issued ordinary shares at the beginning of the period			

2 906 954 088 2 802 007 024 2 860 702 595

Net shares in issue at end of the period

^{*} R78.0 million distribution from GWI included in finance and other investment income for FY17.

	Unaudited 31 December 2017 Cents	Unaudited 31 December 2016 Cents	Unaudited 30 June 2017 Cents
Net asset value*			
Net asset value per share	2 593	2 495	2 518
Tangible net asset value per share	2 597	2 487	2 517
	Rm	Rm	Rm
Net asset value per share is reconciled to tangible net asset value per share as follows:			
Net asset value attributable to shareholders	75 371	69 922	72 045
Less: Net effect of business acquisitions and other intangibles	127	(234)	(30)
Intangible assets	(2 314)	(2 412)	(2 362)
Deferred tax liability	2 441	2 178	2 332
Tangible net asset value	75 498	69 688	72 015

Key reporting ratios*

Best practice recommendations were issued by the SA REIT Association outlining the need to provide consistent presentation and disclosure of relevant ratios in the SA REIT sector. This will ensure information and definitions are clearly presented, enhancing comparability and consistency across the sector.

_	%_	%	%
Property cost-to-income ratio			
Gross	31.29	31.19	30.42
Net	16.82	16.82	16.56
Based on IFRS reported figures	21.72	21.30	20.95
Property cost-to-income ratio is based on the total property related expenses divided by the revenue, excluding straight-line lease income adjustments. The figures are adjusted for gross, net and IFRS reported expense.			
Operating cost-to-income ratio			
Gross	3.41	3.52	4.15
Net	4.13	3.79	3.88
Based on IFRS reported figures	3.88	3.79	3.88
Operating cost-to-income ratio is based on the total operating expenses divided by the revenue, excluding straight-line lease income adjustments. The figures are adjusted for gross, net and IFRS reported expense.			
Total cost-to-income ratio			
Gross	34.70	34.71	34.00
Net	20.95	20.82	20.66
Based on IFRS reported figures	25.61	25.09	24.83

Total cost-to-income ratio is based on the total expenses divided by the revenue, excluding straight-line lease income adjustments. The figures are adjusted for gross, net and IFRS reported expense.

^{*} This information has not been audited by Growthpoint's independent external auditors.

SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS CONTINUED

	Unaudited six months 31 December 2017 %	Unaudited six months 31 December 2016 %	Unaudited 12 months 30 June 2017 %
Interest cover ratio	3.46	3.45	3.51
Interest cover ratio (excluding GOZ)	3.42	3.43	3.43
Interest cover ratio for Growthpoint is based on the operating profit excluding straight-line lease income adjustment plus the investment income from equity-accounted investments divided by the finance costs, after deducting finance income from banks and long-term loans.			
Loan to value ratio	34.53	36.70	34.98
Loan to value ratio (excluding GOZ)	33.84	34.69	33.40
Loan to value ratio for Growthpoint is based on the nominal value of debt (net of cash), divided by the fair value of property assets, including investment property held for sale, equity-accounted investments and listed investments.			

NOTES

For the six months ended 31 December 2017

NOTE 1: FINANCE AND OTHER INVESTMENT INCOME

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	six months	six months	12 months
	31 December	31 December	30 June
	2017	2016	2017
	Rm	Rm	Rm
Finance income			
Banks	28	12	23
Long-term loans	17	22	19
	45	34	42
Investment income			
Dividends received from equity-accounted investments	287	256	605
Other	28	21	45
	315	277	650
Total finance and other investment income	360	311	692

NOTE 2: HEADLINE EARNINGS PER SHARE

Reconciliation between basic earnings, diluted earnings and headline earnings

		Gross		Total		
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	six months	six months	12 months	six months	six months	12 months
	31 December	31 December	30 June	31 December	31 December	30 June
	2017	2016	2017	2017	2016	2017
	Rm	Rm	Rm	Rm	Rm	Rm
Profit for the year				5 748	4 416	7 524
Bargain purchase	2 926*	1 595*	1 850*	(1)	(80)	(78)
Fair value adjustments on						
investment property	2 926*	1 595*	1 850*	(2 845)	(1 553)	(2 397)
Fair value adjustment: Net of						
straight-line lease adjustment				(2 486)	(1 431)	(1 993)
NCI portion of fair value						
adjustments				(359)	(122)	(404)
Headline earnings				2 902	2 783	5 049

^{*}Both the bargain purchase and fair value adjustment on investment property are included in the "Fair value adjustments, capital items and other charges" line item on the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

NOTES CONTINUED

NOTE 3: FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURE Classification of financial assets and liabilities

Classification of financial assets and liabilities					
	Held for trading Rm	Designated at fair value Rm	Loans and other receivables Rm	Outside scope of IAS 39 Rm	Total Rm
Assets					
Unaudited six months 31 December 2017					
Cash and cash equivalents	_	_	631	_	631
Trade and other receivables	_		2 929	768	3 697
Derivative assets	697	_	2 323	-	697
Listed investments	-	722	_	_	722
Long-term loans granted	_	353	_	_	353
Unaudited six months 31 December 2016					
Cash and cash equivalents	_	_	1 027	_	1 027
Trade and other receivables	_	_	2 185	785	2 970
Derivative assets	347	_	2 105	-	347
Listed investments	_	382	_	_	382
Long-term loans granted	_	761	_	_	761
Audited 30 June 2017					
Cash and cash equivalents	_	_	613	_	613
Trade and other receivables	_	_	2 426	788	3 214
Derivative assets	356	_		_	356
Listed investments	_	226	_	_	226
Long-term loans granted	_	709	_	_	709
Liabilities					
Unaudited six months 31 December 2017					
Trade and other payables	_	_	2 395	344	2 739
Derivative liabilities	566	_	_	_	566
Taxation payable	_	_	_	71	71
Interest-bearing borrowings	_	43 810	_	_	43 810
Deferred tax liabilities	_	_	_	2 441	2 441
Unaudited six months 31 December 2016					
Trade and other payables	_	_	2 151	291	2 442
Derivative liabilities	537	_	_	_	537
Taxation payable	_	_	_	60	60
Interest-bearing borrowings	_	44 843	_	_	44 843
Deferred tax liabilities	_	_	_	2 178	2 178
Audited 30 June 2017					
Trade and other payables	_	_	2 302	270	2 572
Derivative liabilities	587	_	_		587
Taxation payable	_	_	_	44	44
Interest-bearing borrowings	_	42 568	_	_	42 568
Deferred tax liabilities	_	_	_	2 332	2 332
2 0.0 00 tax traditions					

Fair value estimation

Fair value measurement of assets and liabilities

The table below includes only those assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value including non-recurring items measured at fair value:

	Unaudited				Unaudited			Audited		
	31 December 2017 Rm			31 December 2016 Rm		3	30 June 2017 Rm			
	Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value	Level 2	Level 3
Assets										
Recurring fair value										
measurement										
Fair value of property										
assets	111 305	_	_	111 305	107 593	_	107 593	108 201	_	108 201
Listed investments	722	722	_	_	382	_	382	226	_	226
Long-term loans										
granted	353	_	_	353	761	_	761	709	_	709
Derivative assets	697	_	590	107	347	347	_	356	249	107
Non-recurring fair										
value measurement										
Non-current assets hel				160	1.070		1.070	1 2 41		1 2 41
for sale	160			160	1 070		1 070	1 241		1 241
Total assets measured										
at fair value	113 237	722	590	111 925	110 153	347	109 806	110 733	249	110 484
Liabilities										
Recurring fair value										
measurement										
Interest-bearing										
borrowings	43 810	_	43 810	_	44 843	44 843	_	42 568	42 568	_
Derivative liabilities	566	_	535	31	537	537	_	587	556	31
Total liabilities										
measured at fair value	44 376	_	44 345	31	45 380	45 380		43 155	43 124	31

The carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value reasonably approximate their fair value due to their short-term nature. These include trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and trade and other payables.

Movement in level 3 instruments

	l	Jnaudited			Unaudited			Audited	
	six months			six months			12 months		
	31 D	ecember 2	017	31 D	ecember 2	016	30	0 June 201	7
		Rm			Rm			Rm	
			Long-			Long-			Long-
		Listed	term		Listed	term		Listed	term
	Property	invest-	loans	Property	invest-	loans	Property	invest-	loans
	assets	ments	granted	assets	ments	granted	assets	ments	granted
Opening balance	109 442	226	709	104 690	440	605	104 690	440	605
Gain/(loss) from fair value									
adjustments and translation of									
foreign operations	1 298	10	37	(1 898)	(58)	31	(1 086)	(214)	53
Acquisitions	2 744	_	_	7 717	_	172	9 529	_	_
Disposals	(2 179)	(236)	_	(1 846)	_	_	(3 691)	_	_
Advances	_	_	50	_	_	_	_	_	463
Settlements	_	_	(443)	_	_	(47)	_	_	(412)
Closing balance	111 305	_	353	108 663	382	761	109 442	226	709

NOTES CONTINUED

For the six months ended 31 December 2017

Valuation process

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The Group has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This includes a valuation team that has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including level 3 fair values, and reports directly to the Financial Director.

The valuation team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third-party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the valuation team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of IFRS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

Significant valuation issues are reported to the Group's Audit Committee.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- ➤ Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- ➤ Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- ➤ Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Valuation techniques using observable inputs - Level 1 and 2

Fair values classified as Level 1 and 2 have been determined using models for which inputs are observable in an active market. A valuation input is considered observable if it is obtained directly, such as quoted prices, or indirectly, such as those derived from quoted prices.

Valuation technique using significant unobservable inputs – level 3

Fair values are classified at Level 3 if their determination incorporates significant inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Valuation techniques and significant observable and unobservable inputs

Level 1 instruments

Listed investments

Description	Valuation technique	Significant observable inputs
Industria REIT	The fair value is based on the last traded market price from the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) as at 31 December 2017.	Market price of AUD2.52 per listed share

The estimated fair value would increase/(decrease) if the credit margin were lower/(higher).

Level 2 instruments

Interest-bearing borrowings

Description	Valuation technique	Significant observable inputs
Interest-bearing borrowings	Valued by discounting future cash flows using the South African or EUR swap curve plus an appropriate credit margin at the dates when the cash flows will take place.	Credit margins: 0.49% to 3.60% (FY17: 0.43% to 3.60%)

The estimated fair value would increase/(decrease) if the credit margin were lower/(higher).

Derivative instruments

Description	Valuation technique	Significant observable inputs
Forward exchange contracts	Valued by discounting the forward rates applied at year end to the open hedged positions.	Not applicable
Interest rate swaps	Valued by discounting the future cash flows using the South African swap curve at the dates when the cash flows will take place.	Not applicable
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	Valued by discounting the future cash flows using the basis swap curve of the respective currencies at the dates when the cash flows will take place.	Not applicable

Level 3 instruments

In terms of the Group's accounting policy, at least 75% of the fair value of investment properties should be determined by an external, independent property valuer, having appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued.

The balance of the South African portfolio was valued by Growthpoint's qualified internal valuers.

The South African properties were valued at HY18 using the discounted cash flow of future income streams method by the following valuers who are all registered valuers in terms of section 19 of the Property Valuers Professional Act, No 47 of 2000:

Mills Fitchet PWV	PG Mitchell	NDip (Prop Val), MIV (SA), CIEA, professional valuer
Eris Property Group	C Everatt	BSc (Hons) Estate management, MRICS, MIV (SA), professional valuer
Jones Lang LaSalle	J Karg	BSc, MRICS, MIV (SA), professional valuer
Spectrum	PL O'Connell	NDip (Prop Val), professional valuer
Sterling	Ali Su Greybe-Smith	BSc (Hons), MIVSA, professional associated valuer

The Australian properties were valued at HY18 using the discounted cash flow of future income streams method by Savills, Urbis, m3property, JLL, CBRE, Colliers, Knight Frank and LMW. The fair value of properties not externally valued as at 31 December 2017 were based solely on director valuations.

At the reporting date, the key assumptions and unobservable inputs used by the Group in determining fair value were in the following ranges for the Group's portfolio of properties:

Investment property

		Significant unobservable inputs and range of estimates used				
Description	Valuation technique	Discount rate (%)	Exit capitalisation rate (%)	Capitalisation rate (%)		
Retail sector		12.5 – 17.0	6.8 - 11.00	6.8 – 11.0		
Office sector		13.3 – 16.0	7.5 – 10.3	7.5 – 10.0		
Industrial sector	Discounted cash flow model	13.8 – 17.0	8.0 - 12.0	8.0 – 13.4		
GOZ office	modet	6.8 – 9.0	6.0 – 8.5	5.3 – 13.4		
GOZ industrial		6.8 – 8.8	6.0 - 10.0	5.8 – 8.8		

The estimated fair value would increase/(decrease) if the expected market rental growth was higher/(lower), expected expense growth was lower/(higher), the vacant periods were shorter/(longer), the occupancy rate was higher/(lower), the rent-free periods were shorter/(longer), the discount rate was lower/(higher) and/or the reversionary capitalisation rate was lower/(higher).

Long-term loans granted

Description	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs
Acucap Unit Purchase Scheme	Valued by discounting future cash flows using the South African swap curve at the dates when the cash flows will take place.	Not applicable
Roeland Street Investment 2 (Pty) Ltd	Valued by discounting future cash flows using a floating rate that is applicable to this loan including an estimated counter party credit spread.	Not applicable
OPEN	Valued by discounting future cash flows using the South African swap curve at the dates when the cash flows will take place.	Not applicable